



ACTRIS Central Facility: overview of key services

IRWG meeting Spa June 2023

BIRA-IASB

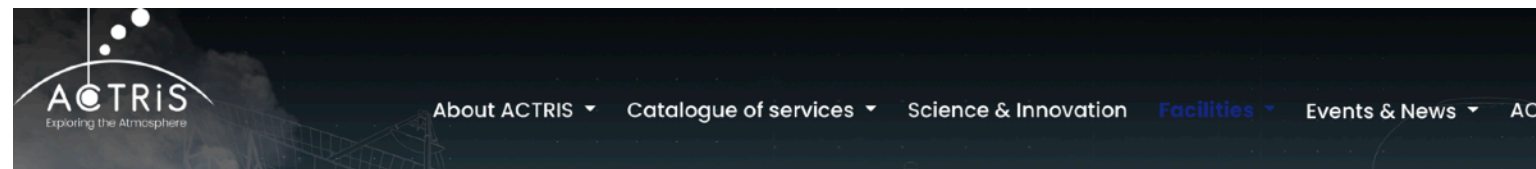
with special thanks to our IT team (Yves Geunes and Tim Ooms)

UBremen and ULg



ACTRIS Central Facility: overview of key services

- ACTRIS is a EU “research infrastructure” (as ICOS); it is a legal entity (ERIC) since 25/4/2023 → e.g., it can apply in R&D calls as partner
- Several EU IRWG PIs joined ACTRIS to have a long term stable funding commitment from their national governments and to benefit from ACTRIS services
- ACTRIS has “national facilities (NF)” and “central facilities (CF)”



Facilities

ACTRIS core components are the National facilities, constituting in observatory and exploratory platforms, and the Central Facilities, fundamental for the provision of harmonized high-quality data.



National Facilities

Observational Platforms
Exploratory Platforms



Central Facilities

Data Centre
Head Office
Centre for Aerosol In Situ (CAIS)
Centre for Aerosol Remote Sensing (CARS)
Centre for Cloud In Situ (CIS)
Centre for Cloud Remote Sensing (CCRES)
Centre for Trace Gases In Situ (CiGas)
Centre for Trace Gases Remote Sensing (CREGARS)

actris.eu



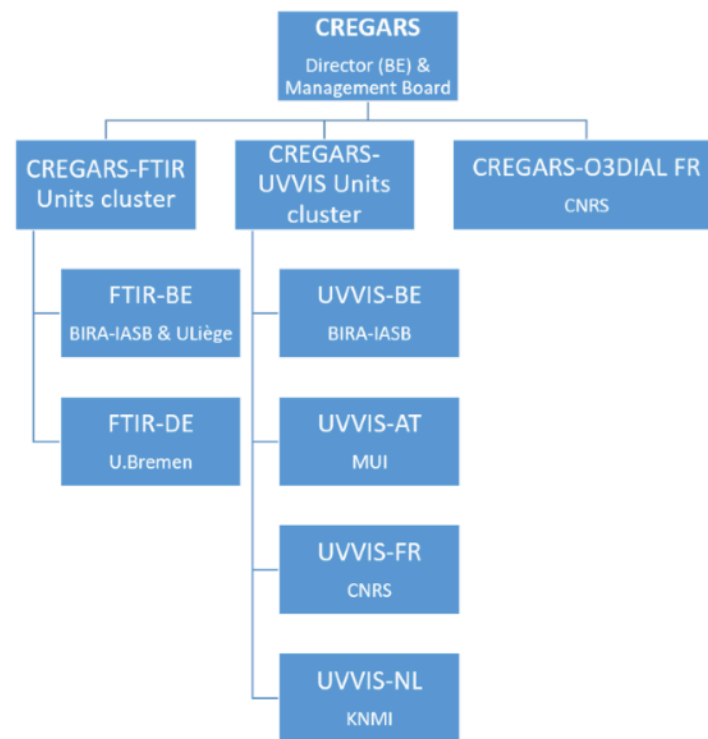
CREGARS: who?

- The mission of the **Centre for Reactive Trace Gases Remote Sensing** (CREGARS) is to facilitate the generation of highest-standard reference data of several key trace gases using ground-based remote sensing techniques

Our Units & Teams

The CREGARS topical TC is divided into 3 main clusters (FTIR, UV-VIS and O3 DIAL), based on the employed measurement technique, but within each cluster the work is shared between different units.

The hierarchical structure is shown in the below organigram:



✓ Royal Belgian Institute for Space Aeronomy (BIRA-IASB)

✓ University of Bremen (U.Bremen)

✓ University of Liège (ULiège)

✓ Centre National de Recherche Scientifique (CNRS)

✓ Royal Netherlands Meteorological Institute (KNMI)

✓ Medical University Innsbruck (MUI)



FTIR Central Facility: key features

- Central processing @ BIRA-IASB
- Targets: O₃, HCHO, C₂H₆, NO₂ and NH₃
- Current IR related NF: Bremen, NyAlesund, Maido, Garmisch, Jungfrau?, Sodankyla?, Potenza???, ...
 - > eg not all Belgian instruments are part of a NF
- ACTRIS Data hosting @ AERIS: GRES <https://gres.aeris-data.fr/>
- Provide measurement data according to FAIR principles (<https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/>):
 - Findable: rich metadata in an ACTRIS central data catalogue
 - Accessible: open protocols are used to retrieve data
 - Interoperable: hdf/netCDF, GEOMS/CF vocabulary
 - Reusable: data license (CCBY4: share and adapt data)

(relates to question of Manu and Jim on storage of L0 data on NDACC)

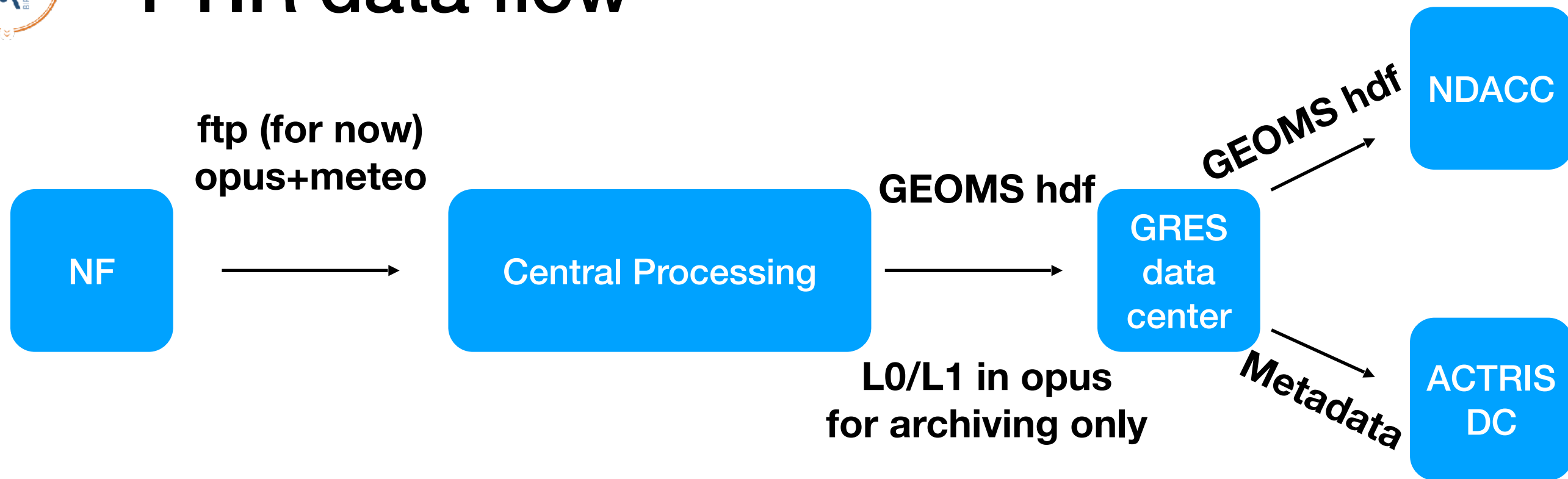


FTIR Central Facility: key features

- Processing is traceable:
 - Processor: SFIT4 versions have DOI (managed by AERIS): DOI links to NCAR GitHub and IRWG pages (spectroscopy db, WACCM prior db)
 - Retrieval strategies (station granularity) have DOI (AERIS): ctl templates + specification of ancillary data used (eg spectroscopy, WACCM, NCEP Reanalysis)
 - Retrieved data (annual granularity and time series) have DOI (AERIS)
 - Instruments have a PID (AERIS or BIRA-IASB?) + logging website (BIRA-IASB)
- Develop harmonized retrieval template per target (fine-tuning per instrument in collaboration with PI): BIRA-IASB+ULg
- Update cycle for retrieval strategies
- Maintenance and development of SFIT4 (UBremen, BIRA-IASB)
- Cell calibration service and organization of training workshops: UBremen
- Retrieval strategy development for low resolution instruments (Invenio/vertex)
- Strategic stock of spare parts: being investigated

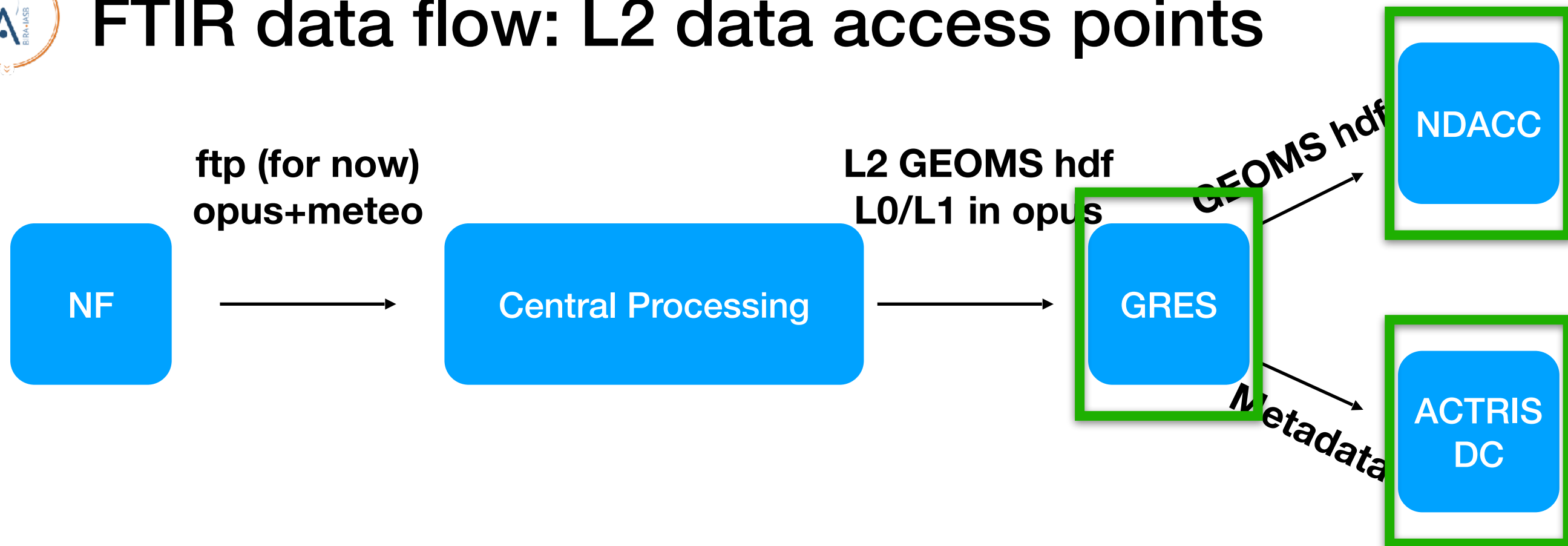


FTIR data flow





FTIR data flow: L2 data access points



- NDACC data portal user: **will not experience any difference**
 - GEOMS files from ACTRIS will have a FILE_DOI and “ACTRIS” in FILE_ACCESS and attributes will have links to the relevant DOI’s (retrieval strategy, instrument, processor, time series)
- ACTRIS DC user:
 - will be able to search for ACTRIS data (web and api) and retrieve the data from GRES
 - ACTRIS DC catalogue will use “ACTRIS vocabulary” (next slide)
 - will be able to search for “ACTRIS associated” data and download data from ... **not decided**
- ACTRIS GRES will provide access to data in GEOMS hdf and an alternative version GEOMS + CF in netCDF (next slides)



ACTRIS Vocabulary

Content language English ▾ Search

Alphabetical

Hierarchy

- carbon monoxide number concentration
- caronaldehyde amount fraction
- caronaldehyde mass concentration
- caronaldehyde number concentration
- cyclohexane amount fraction
- cyclohexane mass concentration
- cyclohexane number concentration
- cyclohexene amount fraction
- cyclohexene mass concentration
- cyclohexene number concentration
- di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate amount fraction
- di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate mass concentration
- di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate number concentration
- dichlorobenzene amount fraction
- dichlorobenzene mass concentration
- dichlorobenzene number concentration
- diisopropyl ether amount fraction
- diisopropyl ether mass concentration
- diisopropyl ether number concentration
- dimethyl sulfide amount fraction
- dimethyl sulfide mass concentration
- dimethyl sulfide number concentration
- dimethyl sulfoxide amount fraction
- dimethyl sulfoxide mass concentration
- dimethyl sulfoxide number concentration
- dimethyl-cyclohexane amount fraction
- dimethyl-cyclohexane mass concentration
- dimethyl-cyclohexane number concentration
- dinitrogen pentoxide amount fraction
- dinitrogen pentoxide mass concentration
- dinitrogen pentoxide number concentration
- ethane amount fraction**
- ethane mass concentration

variable group > trace gas variables > ethane amount fraction

PREFERRED TERM

ethane amount fraction

DEFINITION

Amount fraction is used in the construction mole_fraction_of_X_in_Y, where X is a material constituent of Y. The chemical formula for ethane is C2H6. Ethane is a member of the group of hydrocarbons known as alkanes. The IUPAC name for ethane is ethane.

BROADER CONCEPT

[trace gas variables](#)

CREATOR

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2972-2851>

OBSERVATION MATRIX

[gas phase](#)

OBJECT OF INTEREST

[ethane](#)

OBSERVED PROPERTY

[amount fraction](#)

URI

https://vocabulary.actris.nilu.no/actris_vocab/ethaneamountfraction

Download this concept:

[RDF/XML](#) [TURTLE](#) [JSON-LD](#)





SEARCH
SUMMARIES

ACTRIS GRES

Carbon monoxide total column and data profiles using FTIR measurements at the Bremen station : year 2020

CO FTIR data from Bremen : 2020

INFORMATION

DOWNLOAD

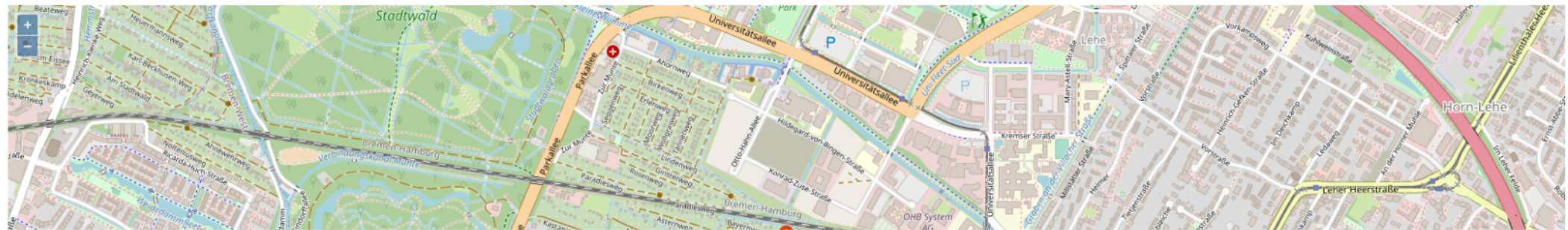
STATISTICS

INTEROPERABILITY

Abstract

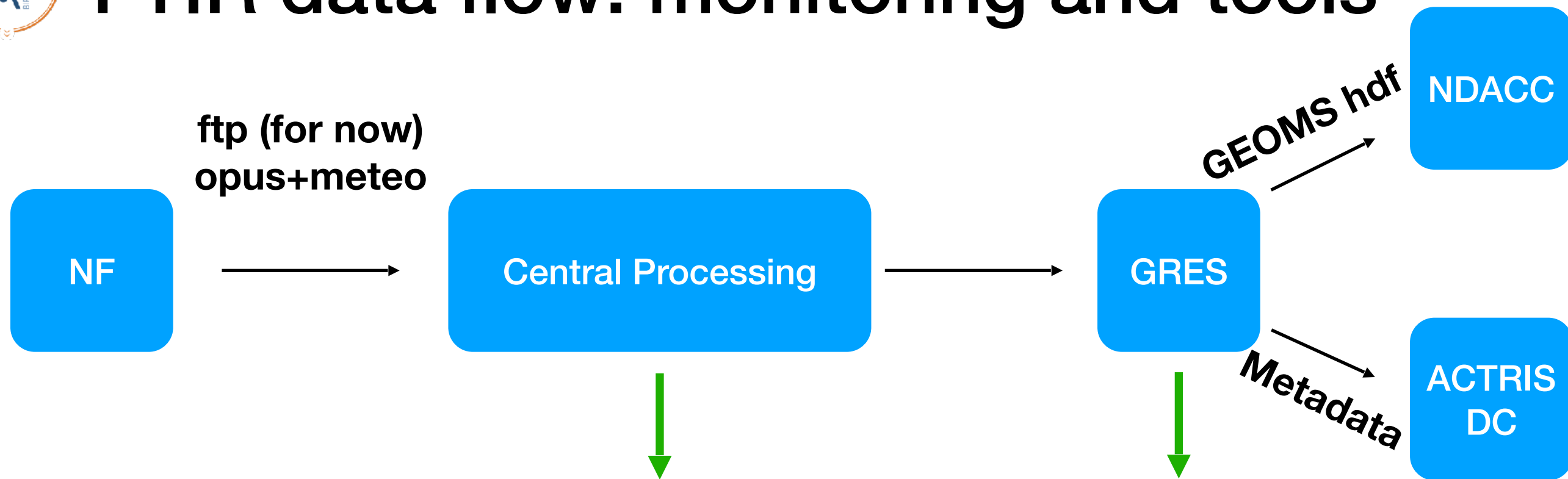
Solar observations of atmospheric trace gases. Total column of Carbon monoxide and concentrations profiles in up to 3-4 layers

Spatial extents





FTIR data flow: monitoring and tools



For registered PIs (* = implementation done)

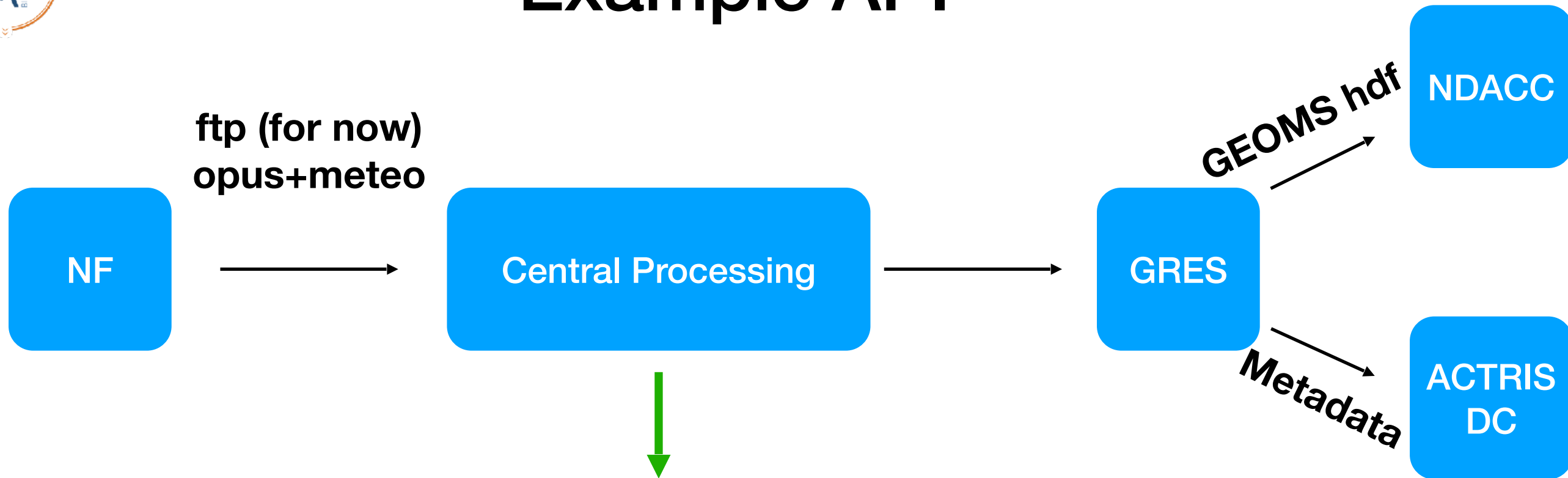
- L0/L1/L2 monitoring tool*
- HDF2netCDF API*
- QAQC API*
- OPeNDAP access to retrieval details: GEOMS like file with all retrieval gases+other quality indicators (see next slide)*
- OPeNDAP access to ZPT prior data @ site: netCDF file
- GEOMS creation API for target + co-retrieved gases
- Instrument database + interface for logging events

GRES

- Perform QAQC on files
- Extract metadata for ACTRIS DC (with vocab)
- Forward GEOMS hdf to NDACC
- Provide public access to L2 data (GEOMS HDF or GEOMS+netCDF-CF)
- DOI management
- Long term archiving of L0/L1/L2 data



Example API



- `curl -s --form testfile=@"groundbased_ftir.o3_iup001_bremen_20220106t095100z_20220106t124748z_007.hdf" -H "Accept: text/html" https://api.aeronomie.be/geoms_qaqc > test.html`

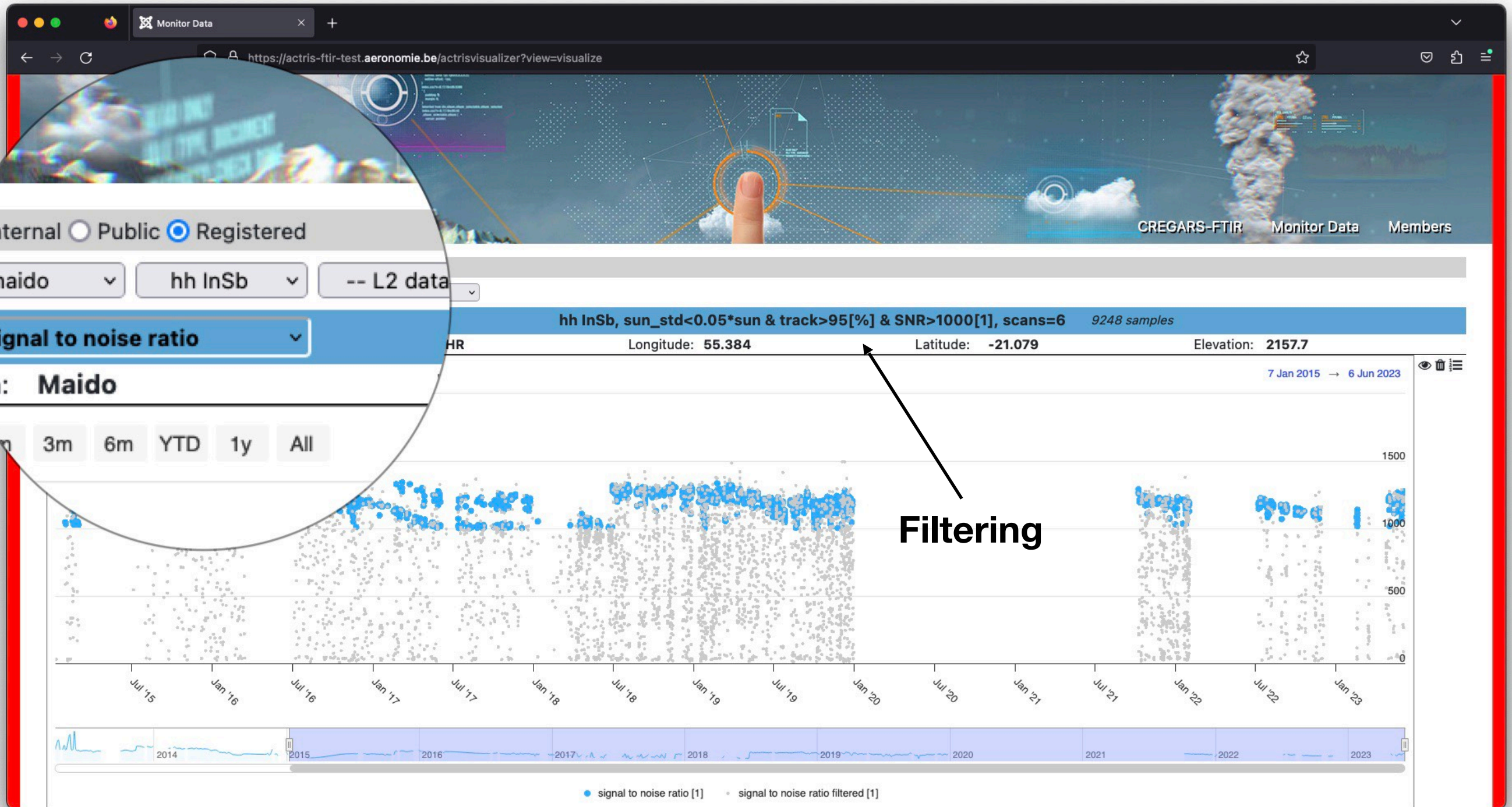
- or use ... `-H "Accept: application/json" https://api.aeronomie.be/geoms_qaqc`

```
{ "StartTime": "20220106T095100Z", "EndTime": "20220106T124748Z", "Md5Check":  
"44056ff3f995985a0628261ff817a43d", "SubmissionTime": "", "SourceFile": "/tmp/tmpv7kl8yed",  
"FileGenerationTime": "20220121T155024Z", "GeomsFilename":  
"groundbased_ftir.o3_iup001_bremen_20220106t095100z_20220106t124748z_007.hdf", "Station": "bremen",  
"Instrument": "FTIR", "Target": "O3", "PIEmail": "notholt@iup.physik.uni-bremen.de", "DataSource":  
"FTIR.O3_IUP001", "ErrorCode": 0, "QCversion": "5.37.20", "ContactEmail": "", "QualityCheck": 0, "RDCheck":  
-999}
```

- `curl -s --form testfile=@"groundbased_ftir.o3_iup001_bremen_20220106t095100z_20220106t124748z_007.hdf" -H "Accept: application/x-netcdf4" https://api.aeronomie.be/geoms2netcdf -O -J`



Central processor monitoring tool





Central processor monitoring tool

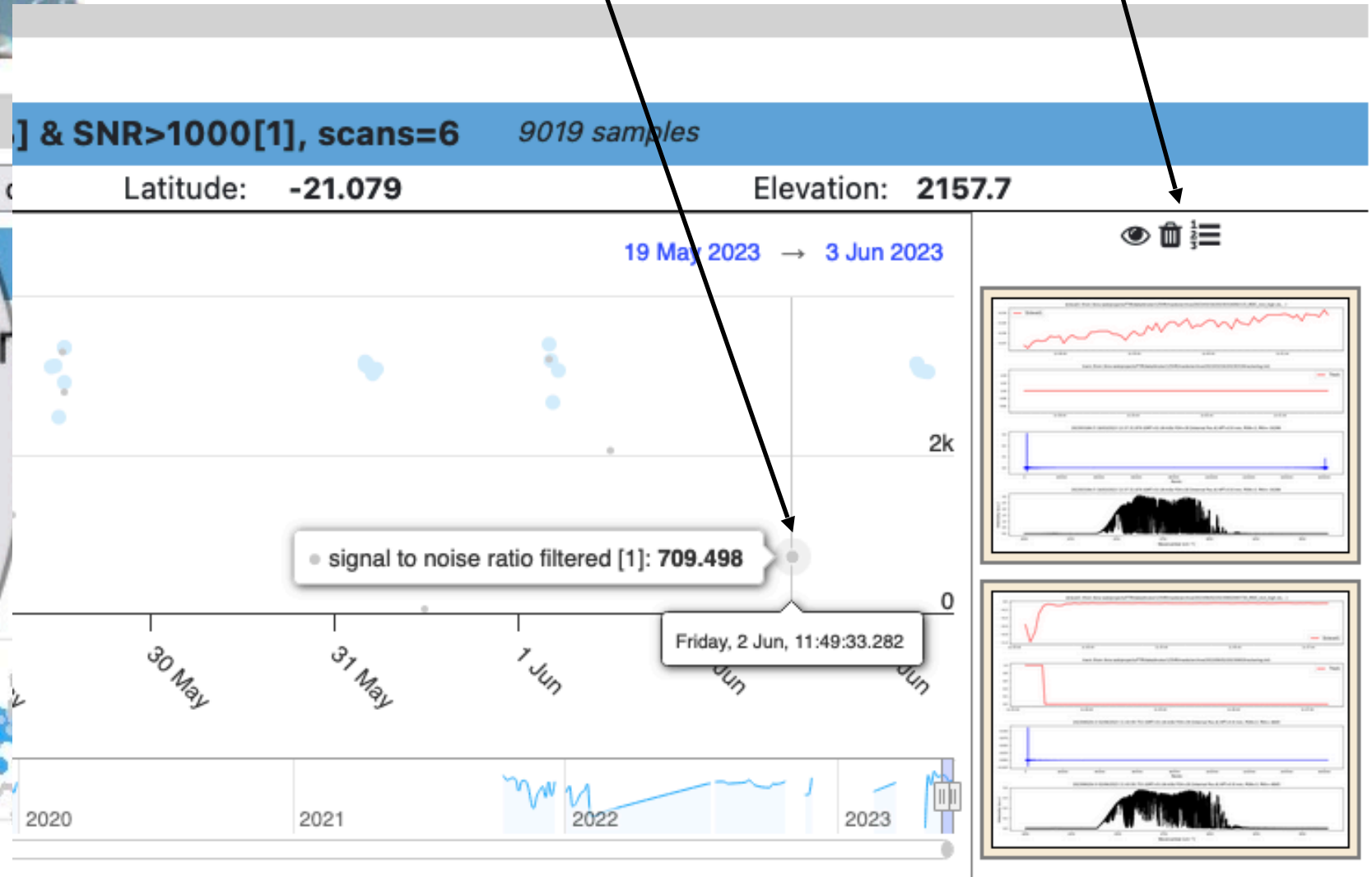
Spectral Metadata

Interactivity: shows the IFG/SPC

Prints UID ... for tagging



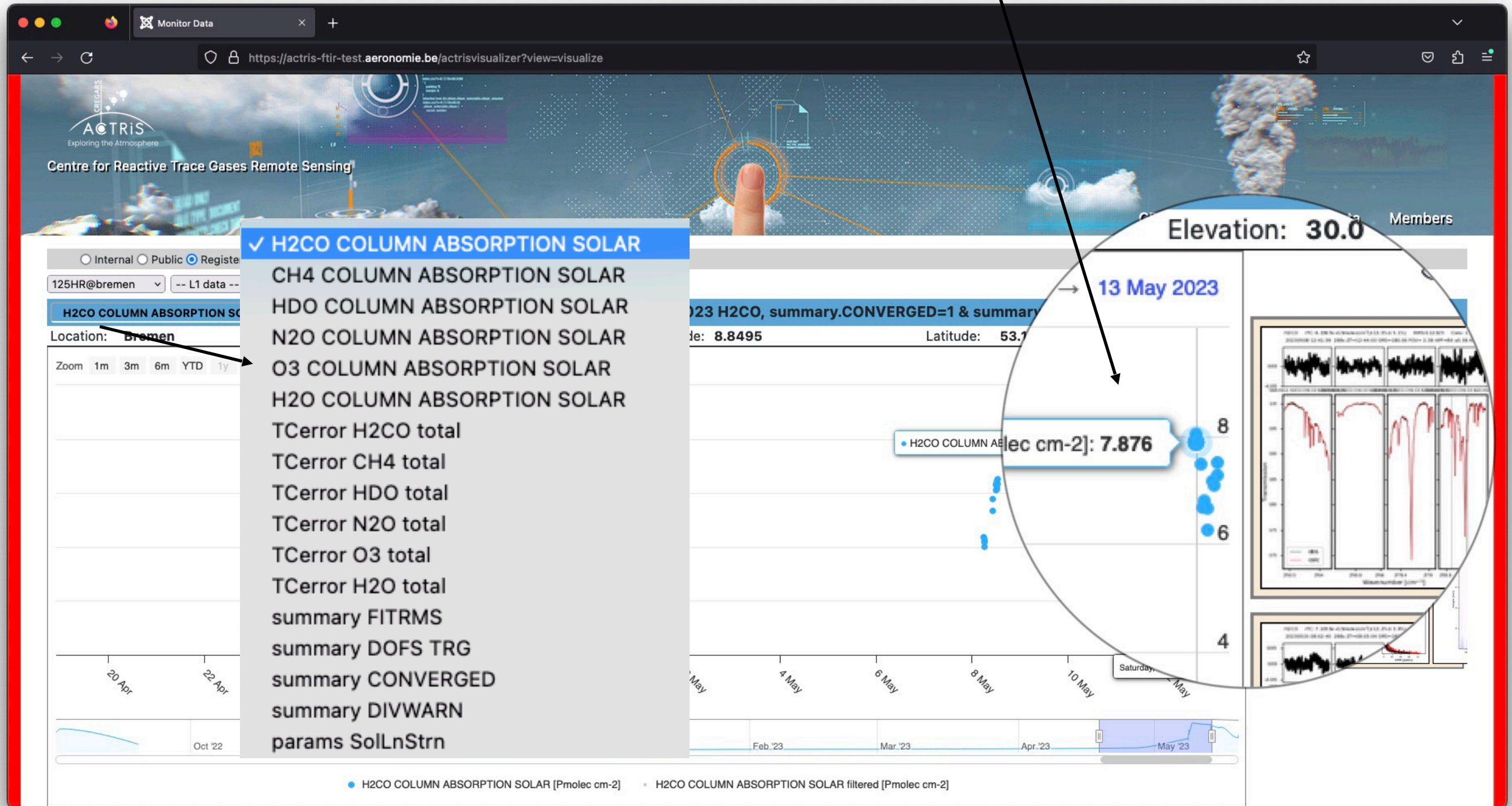
- signal to noise ratio
- peak amplitude
- peak amplitude backward scan
- temperature inside instrument
- pressure inside instrument
- surface air pressure
- surface air temperature
- relative humidity
- number of sample scans





Central processor monitoring tool

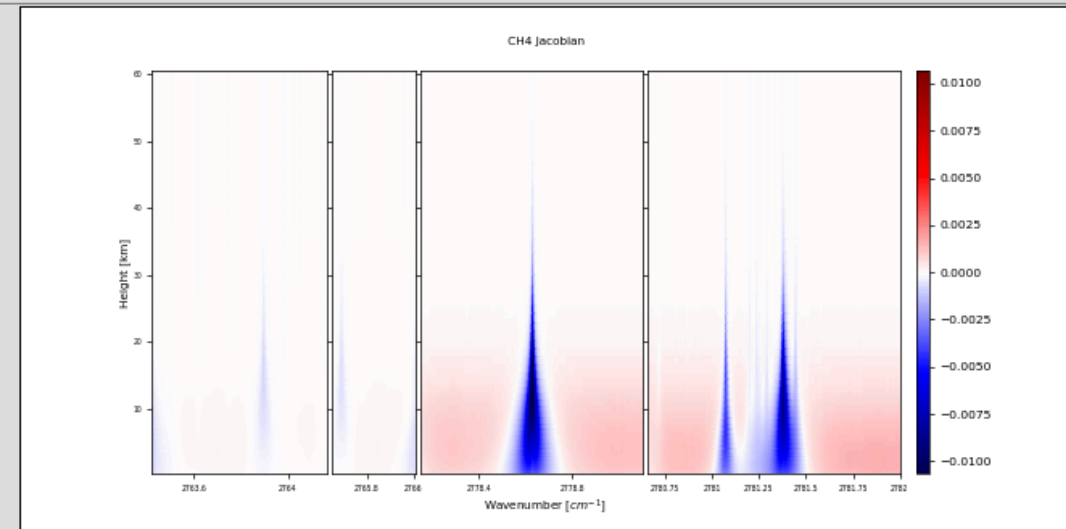
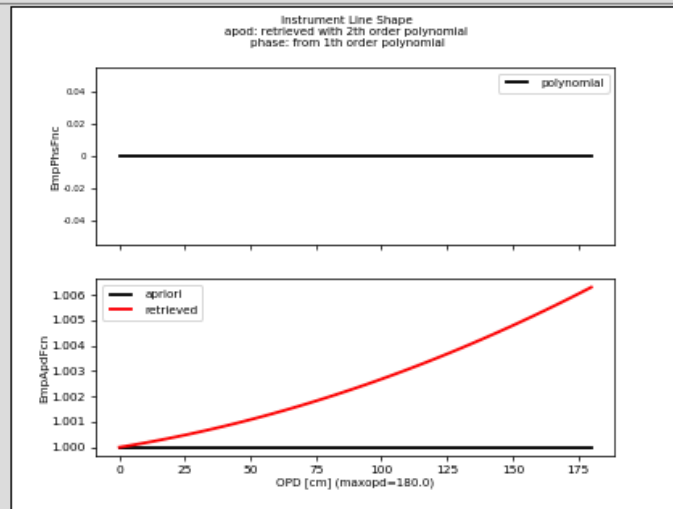
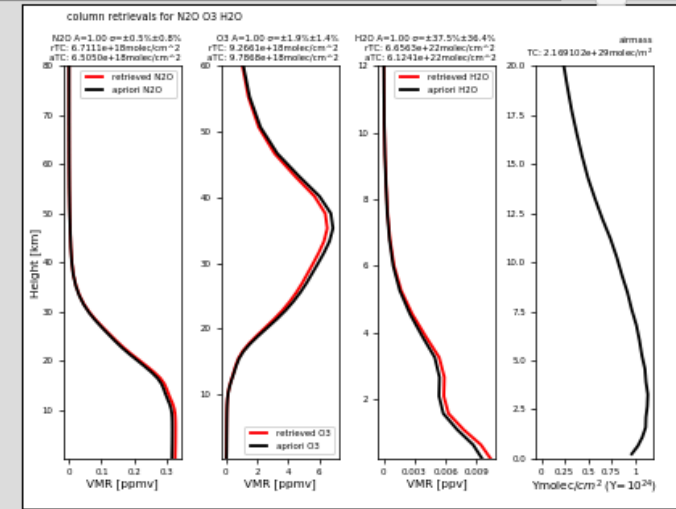
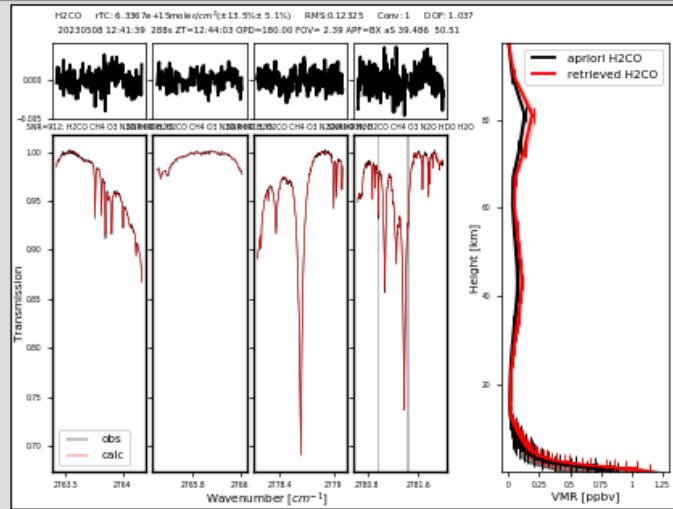
Interactivity for I2 data gives retrieval details





Central processor monitoring tool

Interactivity for I2 data gives retrieval details:
Profiles, column scaling, ILS, Jacobian, ...



br20230508s0ehsc_op.017.0



Central processor monitoring tool

Structure of retrieval data netCDF file: GEOMS for all retrieved molecules + extra

- ▼ H2CO.nc4
 - ALTITUDE
 - ALTITUDE.BOUNDARIES
 - ALTITUDE.INSTRUMENT
 - ANGLE.SOLAR_AZIMUTH
 - ANGLE.SOLAR_ZENITH.ASTRONOMICAL
 - CH4.COLUMN.PARTIAL_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - CH4.COLUMN.PARTIAL_APRIORI
 - CH4.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - CH4.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_AVK
 - CH4.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINTY.RANDOM.STANDA
 - CH4.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINTY.SYSTEMATIC.STAI
 - CH4.COLUMN_APRIORI
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_AVK
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINT
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINT
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_APRIORI
 - CH4.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_APRIORI.SOURCE
 - DATETIME
 - DRY.AIR.COLUMN.PARTIAL_INDEPENDENT
 - DRY.AIR.COLUMN.PARTIAL_INDEPENDENT_SOURCE
 - H2CO.COLUMN.PARTIAL_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - H2CO.COLUMN.PARTIAL_APRIORI
 - H2CO.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - H2CO.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_AVK
 - H2CO.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINTY.RANDOM.STAND
 - H2CO.COLUMN_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAINTY.SYSTEMATIC.ST/
 - H2CO.COLUMN_APRIORI
 - H2CO.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR
 - H2CO.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_AVK
 - H2CO.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAIN
 - H2CO.MIXING.RATIO.VOLUME.DRY_ABSORPTION.SOLAR_UNCERTAIN

CH4

H2CO

- params.BckGrdSlp_1
- params.BckGrdSlp_2
- params.BckGrdSlp_3
- params.BckGrdSlp_4
- params.EmpApdFcn_1
- params.EmpApdFcn_2
- params.IWNNumShft_1
- params.IWNNumShft_2
- params.IWNNumShft_3



FTIR Central Facility

- Advantages:
 - harmonised retrieval/increased traceability
 - increased IRWG response to updates in spectroscopy/prior/processor/GEOMS template changes/...
 - implement updates of retrieval strategies more quickly (from decade to ...)
 - RD service
 - decrease burden on PIs for routine tasks
 - shared detailed quality monitoring tools
 - traceability of the instruments: PID + logging
 - ...
- Disadvantages: ACTRIS supports “access to its services”: this means that the central processing functionality could be used by others.... but ...
access to central processing may require a fee ... not clear
- L0/L1 are supposed to be public when delivered FAIR